

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product name: TREION™ IWT H/OH Ion Exchange Resin

Revision Date: 21.11.2021 Version: 1.0 Print Date: 05.12.2021

TREITEL CHEMICAL ENGINEERING LTD. encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire MSDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier Product name: TREION™ IWT H/OH Ion Exchange Resin

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Identified uses: Ion exchange and/or Adsorption process

1.3 Details of the supplier of the MSDS COMPANY IDENTIFICATION TREITEL CHEMICAL ENGINEERING LTD. 28 HASIVIM STREET PETAH-TIKVA 4959386 ISRAEL

Customer Information Number:

(972) 3 978 7777 treitel@treitel.co.il

1.4 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER Local Emergency Contact: +972 3 978 7777

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Serious eye damage - Category 1 - H318 For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Hazard pictograms



Signal word: DANGER

Hazard statements

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary statements

form

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P280	Wear eye protection/ face protection.		
P305 + P351	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,		
+ P338 +	if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON		
P310	CENTER/doctor.		
Contains	Trimethylamine functionalised copolymer of styrene and divinylbenzene in the hydroxide		
	form; Sulfonated polymer of styrene, ethylstyrene and divinylbenzene in the hydrogen		

2.3 Other hazards

No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature: Quaternary ammonium divinylbenzene/styrene copolymer., Sulfonated divinylbenzene/styrene copolymer. **3.2 Mixtures**

This product is a mixture.

CASRN / EC-No. / Index-No.	REACH Registration Number	Concentration	Component	Classification: REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008
CASRN 69011-20-7 EC-No. Polymer Index-No. –	_		Sulfonated polymer of styrene, ethylstyrene and divinylbenzene in the hydrogen form	Eye Dam 1 - H318

CASRN 69011-18-3 EC-No. Polymer Index-No.	_	>= 20.0 - < 25.0 %	Trimethylamine functionalised copolymer of styrene and divinylbenzene in the hydroxide form	Eye Dam 1 - H318
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For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

Inhalation: Move person to fresh air; if effects occur, consult a physician.

Skin contact: Wash off with plenty of water.

Eye contact: Wash immediately and continuously with flowing water for at least 30 minutes. Remove contact lenses after the first 5 minutes and continue washing. Obtain prompt medical consultation, preferably from an ophthalmologist. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be immediately available.

Ingestion: No emergency medical treatment necessary.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician: No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Water. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguishers.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: No data available

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products: Under fire conditions some components of this product may decompose. The smoke may contain unidentified toxic and/or irritating compounds. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Sulfur oxides. Organic sulfonates. Hydrocarbons. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. Benzene compounds.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: This material will not burn until the water has evaporated. Residue can burn.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting Procedures: Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Soak thoroughly with water to cool and prevent re-ignition. Cool surroundings with water to localize fire zone.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Evacuate area. Only trained and properly protected personnel must be involved in clean-up operations. Spilled material may cause a slipping hazard. Keep upwind of spill. Ventilate area of leak or spill. Refer to section 7, Handling, for additional precautionary measures. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

6.2 Environmental precautions: Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Contain spilled material if possible. Sweep up. Recover spilled material if possible. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

6.4 Reference to other sections: References to other sections, if applicable, have been provided in the previous sub-sections.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling: Do not get in eyes. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation. Static electricity can accumulate on dry beads. Leave room for expansion as dry resin swells upon wetting and/or changing ionic form. Equipment construction material should be compatible with feed, regenerant, ionic form and effluent of the ion exchange process. Avoid generating and breathing dust. Good housekeeping and controlling of dusts are necessary for safe handling of product. See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Store in a dry place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Preferred storage temperature is in the lower half of the range given below.

Keep in a dry, cool place. Keep container tightly closed.

Storage stability
Storage temperature:Shelf life: Use within
36 Month0 - 50 °C36 Month

7.3 Specific end use(s): See the technical data sheet on this product for further information. **Other data:** CAUTION: Do not pack column with dry ion exchange resins. Dry beads expand when wetted; this expansion can cause glass column to shatter.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure limits are listed below, if they exist.

Exposure limits have not been established for those substances listed in the composition, if any have been disclosed.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls: Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations.

Protective measures: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility.

Individual protection measures

Eye/face protection: Use chemical goggles. Chemical goggles should be consistent with EN 166 or equivalent.

Skin protection

Hand protection: Use gloves chemically resistant to this material when prolonged or frequently repeated contact could occur. Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. If hands are cut or scratched, use gloves chemically resistant to this material even for brief exposures. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Neoprene. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove is recommended to prevent contact with the solid material. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

Other protection: Wear clean, body-covering clothing.

Respiratory protection: Under intended handling conditions, no respiratory protection should be needed.

Environmental exposure controls

See SECTION 7: Handling and storage and SECTION 13: Disposal considerations for measures to prevent excessive environmental exposure during use and waste disposal.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties Appearance

Physical state

Beads

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Color	Amber or brown
Odor	Amine odor
Odor Threshold	No data available
рН	5.0 - 9.0 Aqueous slurry
Melting point/range	No data available
Freezing point	No data available
Boiling point (760 mmHg)	100.00 °C Water
Flash point	No data available
Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate	No data available
= 1)	
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Lower explosion limit	Not Applicable
Upper explosion limit	Not Applicable
Vapor Pressure	22 hPa at 20 °C
Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)	<1.0000
Relative Density (water = 1)	1.0800 - 1.2000
Water solubility	practically insoluble
Partition coefficient: n-	No data available
octanol/water	
Auto-ignition temperature	500.00 °C estimated
Decomposition temperature	No test data available
Kinematic Viscosity	No data available
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	No data available
9.2 Other information	Na data available
Molecular weight	No data available
Percent volatility	59.00 - 64.00 %
Particle size	0.300 - 1.200 mm

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity: No data available

10.2 Chemical stability: Stable under recommended storage conditions. See Storage, Section 7.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions: Stable under normal conditions. Polymerization will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid: Exposure to elevated temperatures can cause product to decompose.

10.5 Incompatible materials: Avoid contact with oxidizing materials. Oxidizing agents such as nitric acid attack organic exchange resins under certain conditions. Before using strong oxidizing agents, consult sources knowledgeable in handling such materials. The severity of the reaction with oxidizing materials can vary from slight degradation to an explosive reaction.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials. Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Aromatic compounds. Hydrocarbons. Organic sulfonates. Sulfur oxides.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Acute oral toxicity

Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing small amounts.

Typical for this family of materials. LD50, Rat, > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity

No adverse effects anticipated by skin absorption.

The dermal LD50 has not been determined.,

Acute inhalation toxicity

No adverse effects are anticipated from inhalation. Vapors are unlikely due to physical properties. For respiratory irritation and narcotic effects: No relevant data found. The LC50 has not been determined.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Prolonged exposure not likely to cause significant skin irritation. May cause more severe response if skin is abraded (scratched or cut).

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

May cause severe irritation with corneal injury which may result in permanent impairment of vision, even blindness. Chemical burns may occur.

Sensitization

For skin sensitization: No relevant data found.

For respiratory sensitization: No relevant data found.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

No relevant data found.

Carcinogenicity No relevant data found.

Teratogenicity No relevant data found.

Reproductive toxicity

No relevant data found.

Mutagenicity No relevant data found.

Aspiration Hazard

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

COMPONENTS INFLUENCING TOXICOLOGY:

Trimethylamine functionalised copolymer of styrene and divinylbenzene in the hydroxide form. Acute inhalation toxicity

The LC50 has not been determined.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

General Information

Limited effects are expected from exposure of the environmental compartments by insoluble plastic beads of large diameter (300 to 1200 microns).

12.1 Toxicity

Sulfonated polymer of styrene, ethylstyrene and divinylbenzene in the hydrogen form

Acute toxicity to fish

Not expected to be acutely toxic, but material in pellet or bead form may mechanically cause adverse effects if ingested by waterfowl or aquatic life.

Trimethylamine functionalised copolymer of styrene and divinylbenzene in the hydroxide form Acute toxicity to fish No relevant data found.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Sulfonated polymer of styrene. ethylstyrene and divinylbenzene in the hydrogen form. Biodegradability: No appreciable biodegradation is expected.

Trimethylamine functionalised copolymer of styrene and divinylbenzene in the hydroxide form. Biodegradability: No relevant data found.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Sulfonated polymer of styrene, ethylstyrene and divinylbenzene in the hydrogen form

Bioaccumulation: No bioconcentration is expected because of the relatively high molecular weight (MW greater than 1000).

Trimethylamine functionalised copolymer of styrene and divinylbenzene in the hydroxide form. Bioaccumulation: No relevant data found.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Sulfonated polymer of styrene, ethylstyrene and divinylbenzene in the hydrogen form

In the terrestrial environment, material is expected to remain in the soil. In the aquatic environment, material will sink and remain in the sediment.

<u>Trimethylamine functionalised copolymer of styrene and divinylbenzene in the hydroxide form</u> No relevant data found.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Sulfonated polymer of styrene, ethylstyrene and divinylbenzene in the hydrogen form

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

<u>Trimethylamine functionalised copolymer of styrene and divinylbenzene in the hydroxide form</u> This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

This product, when being disposed of in its unused and uncontaminated state should be treated as a hazardous waste according to EC Directive 2008/98/EC. Any disposal practices must be in compliance with all national and provincial laws and any municipal or local by-laws governing hazardous waste. For used, contaminated and residual materials additional evaluations may be required. Do not dump into any sewers, on the ground, or into any body of water.

The definitive assignment of this material to the appropriate EWC group and thus its proper EWC code will depend on the use that is made of this material. Contact the authorized waste disposal services.

Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to local recyclers for disposal. Refer to applicable federal, state, and local regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Classification for ROAD and Rail transport (ADR/RID):

14.1 UN number Not applicable

- 14.2 UN proper shipping name Not regulated for transport
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) Not applicable
 14.4 Packing group Not applicable
 14.5 Environmental hazards Not considered environmentally hazardous based on available data.
 14.6 Special precautions for user No data available.

Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):

14.1	UN number	Not applicable		
14.2	UN proper shipping name	Not regulated for transport		
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	Not applicable		
14.4	Packing group	Not applicable		
14.5	Environmental hazards	Not considered as marine pollutant based on available data.		
14.6	Special precautions for user	No data available.		
14.7	Transport in bulk according to Annex I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC or IGC Code	Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk		
Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):				
14.1	UN number	Not applicable		
112	LIN proper chipping name	Not regulated for transport		

14.1		Not applicable
14.2	UN proper shipping name	Not regulated for transport
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	Not applicable
14.4	Packing group	Not applicable
14.5	Environmental hazards	Not applicable
14.6	Special precautions for user	No data available.

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transportation of the material.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

This product contains only components that have been either pre-registered, registered, are exempt from registration, are regarded as registered or are not subject to registration according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)., Polymers are exempted from registration under REACH. All relevant starting materials and additives have been either pre-registered, registered, or are exempt from registration to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)., The aforementioned indications of the REACH registration status are provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his/her understanding of the regulatory status of this product is correct.

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

Listed in Regulation: Not applicable

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

Not applicable

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Eye Dam. - 1 - H318 - Based on product data or assessment

Product Literature

Additional information on this product may be obtained by calling your sales or customer service contact.

Revision

Identification Number: IWT-H/OH-211121-1.0 / Revision Date: 21.11.2021 / Version: 1.0 Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

Information Source and References

This MSDS is prepared from information supplied by internal references within our company.

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